

Orchestra of the Inner West

Music Director

Sadaharu Muramatsu

Soloists Anna McMichael Violin

Nick Byrne Ophicleide

Strathfield Town Hall

Saturday 8th September 7:00pm Sunday 9th September 2:30pm

Sadaharu Muramatsu Principal Conductor and Artistic Advisor

Born in Japan, Sadaharu Muramatsu graduated from the Royal Northern College of Music in Manchester, UK, with a Master of Music (MMus) in conducting.

In 2001 Sadaharu won the first prize at the ISIS Conducting Competition in Cambridge, UK, and in 2005 he was awarded the Mortimer Furber Prize for Conducting in Manchester, UK.



Sadaharu was one of the semi-finalists of the 2007 Bela Bartok International Opera Conducting Competition in Romania. In the same year he was one of the finalists in he Emmerich Kalman International Conductor's Competition in Budapest, Hungary, and awarded the special Jury Prize.

From 2008 to 2010 he was granted a fellowship under the Japanese Government Overseas Program for Artists, and studied at the Sydney Conservatorium of Music in Australia.

In July 2011, the Wesley Institute directed and conducted by him was awarded the 2nd place at the 5th Summa Cum Laude International competition held in the Golden Hall, Musikvereinon in Vienna, Austria. In October 2011, he was awarded the Honorary Degree of Doctor of Music from Anglia Ruskin University in Cambridge, UK. He has been invited as a guest conductor of Nagoya Philharmonic Orchestra in Japan from 2011 to 2013.

He has performed in the UK, France, Austria, Germany, Spain, Switzerland, Hungary, Romania, Czech, China, Korea, Japan and Australia. He has conducted several operas including Carmen (Bizet), The Marriage of Figaro (Mozart), Lucia di Lammermoor (Donizetti), Hansel and Gretel (Humperdinck), Orfeo ed Euridice (Gluck), Il Signor Bruschino (Rossini), Seven Deadly Sins (Weill), Il Campanello (Donizetti), The Light in the Piazza (Guettel) and many other operas and symphonies. Sadaharu studied conducting under Kurt Masur, Sir Mark Elder, Gianandrea Noseda, Imre Pallo, Christian Mandel, Hirofumi Misawa and Kazuki Sawa.



Strathfield Symphony Orchestra

Concert Master: Paul Pokorny

Ferdinand Hérold Zampa Overture

George F. Handel 'O Ruddier than the Cherry'

Ophicleide: Nick Byrne Piano: Mayuka Oda

Béla Bartók Rhapsody No 1

Violin: Anna McMichael

Camille Saint-Saëns Havanaise, Op 83.

Violin: Anna McMichael

INTERVAL

Jean Sibelius Symphony No 2 in D, Op 43.

Approximate duration 100 minutes including a 20-minute interval.



Zampa Overture Ferdinand Hérold (1791-1833)

An Opéra Comique in three acts, Zampa is celebrated as one of the three of Hérold's most popular works. Coming from a very musical family, Hérold studied at the Paris Conservatoire and won the elite Prix de Rome in 1812. Despite dying at just forty-two, Hérold was a pro-

lific composer, and Zampa, an Opera-Comique in three acts, is his most well known and celebrated work premiering in Paris in 1831. The opera, set in Sicily, tells of a notorious pirate, Zampa who has demanded the the hand of a rich merchant's daughter (Camille) in marriage in exchange for her father's ransom. As Zampa enters the chapel to marry Camille, he is confronted by the statue of a past love whom he betrayed. Echoing Mozart's Don Juan legend, Méles-ville's libretto is a rather dark tale for Opera-Comique, but held a fantastic title-role for a capable tenor. Recognised as Hérold's 'most powerful stage work', Zampa played fifty-six performances over fifteen months at the Opéra-Comique.

'O Ruddier than the Cherry' From Acis and Galatea George Frideric Handel (1685-1759)

"O Ruddier than the Cherry" was composed by George Frideric Handel for the giant Polyphemus in his 1718 opera Acis and Galatea. The Handel authority Winton Dean points out that the humour of Polyphemus' music lies in its subtle exaggeration, demonstrated



through the enormous vocal range, scales and octave leaps, the voice moving in unison with the bass. Demanding for the singer, it became the touchstone of ophicleide virtuosity. (From Nick Byrne's latest CD, *Back from Oblivion*, www.melbarecordings.com.au/catalogue/album/back-oblivion).



The ophicleide Invented by the Parisian maker Halary (Halari) in 1817 and patented in 1821, is a lower-pitched extension of the keyed Bugle family, that was essentially made redundant in the symphony orchestra and brass band by the bass tuba and euphonium by 1860-70. Occupying an era where composers required a lower voice to supplement the trombones, and where the piston valve was at a primitive stage, the Ophicleide utilizes a bassoon-like keyed mechanism.

From Nick Byrne's website www.ophicleide.com

Rhapsody No 1, BB.94 Béla Bartók (1881-1945)

Drawing on the idiosyncrasies of traditional Romanian, Hungarian and Ruthenian melodies, Bartok's two Violin Rhapsodies were written in 1928 for piano and violin, and orchestrated a year later. Composed more for his own exercise rather than a commission, Bartok offered the first up to good friend and virtuoso violinist Joseph Szigeti (who had not long completed arranging



seven of Bartok's For Children pieces for violin and piano), and dedicated the second to Zoltan Székely. Keeping with traditional form, Bartok entitled the two movements Lassú (slow) and Friss (fast). In the first movement, the orchestra assumes a drone-like role, whilst a heavy, sharply dotted, scalic melody is assigned to the soloist. This is contrasted with a secondary, melancholy theme in the the violin's upper register. The second movement, Friss, is a flurry of energetic dance rhythms, double stops and melodies, which demand a high level of virtuosity and technical agility from the soloist.



Havanaise, Op 83 Camille Saint-Saëns (1835-1921)

Despite being published in 1887, the inspiration for this classic concert piece came two years earlier whilst Saint-Saëns was on tour with the violinist Raphael Diaz Albertini. One cold night in Brest, he was warming himself in front of a fire, where the crackle and pop of the burning wood sparked a melodic idea in his head. Originally composed for violin and piano, Saint-Saëns orchestrated the accompaniment a little while later, complete with a dedi-

cation to Albertini. The title Havainaise is the French translation of 'habanera' - a dance in duple time that developed in Cuba in the 19th Century. Using African rhythms, the habanera is characteristically in 2/4 time, with a slowly swinging four note repeated rhythm.

Saint-Saëns wrote his Havainaise at a time when Latin music was very popular with French composers, harnessing the idiomatic habanera rhythms and transforming the typical dotted quaver rhythm to a triplet and duplet pairing. He combined this with the alternation of raised and lowered seventh intervals, creating a wistful mood over the main motif. This is juxtaposed with demanding fiery violin solos, whilst the orchestra steadily maintains the ostinato habanera rhythms. Just as the traditional dance features sultry movements of the dancer's arms, eyes, hips and head, Saint-Saëns personifies the violin in the work, imitating the dancer with quick inputs from the violin in the form of caressing trills and scales.



Strathfield Symphony Orchestra acknowledges the generous support of



Symphony No 2 in D, Op.43 Jean Sibelius (1865-1957)

"An absolute masterpiece, one of the few symphonic creations of our time that point in the same direction as the symphonies of Beethoven." (Karl Flodin, critic, 1903)

Having only turned to music at age fifteen, Sibelius was too late to achieve his dream of becoming a concert violinist and hence, turned to composition. As a



composer he was heavily influenced by a deep passion for nature, and the geography and folklore of his beloved Finland. Much of his output is considered programmatic, and was often be based on stories taken from the Kalevala; a 19th century compilation of epic poetry from Finnish and Karelian oral folklore and mythology.

As Finland turned to the twentieth century, a wave of nationalism swept the country: despite being an autonomous sanction of Russia, Finland had begun to feel pressure as Russian tried to assimilate Finland to protect her central government and Empire through a policy of Russification. Finland looked to the arts to establish national identity and independence, and as Sibelius had already given his country an anthem in Finlandia, so the Second symphony became a tool of Nationalist propaganda.

Sibelius and his family had been sponsored to live in Italy for a year by a wealthy benefactor and friend, Baron Axel Carpelan in 1901, which is where Sibelius completed his Second Symhony. Nursed in the Mediterranean sun, the work is decidedly more optimistic than his First Symphony. Despite having assumed a nationalist label in Finland, Sibelius instead considered it "a struggle between death and salvation: and "a confession of the soul".

The symphony begins with with a very simple theme in the strings as they imitate native Finnish folk music, establishing the three-note model which forms the basis of many themes which develop throughout the entire symphony, most notably in the fourth movement. In regards to his compositional method, Sibelius is known for having remarked:

"It is as though the Almighty had thrown the pieces of a mosaic down from the floor of heaven and told me to put them together."

This is certainly true of the first movement, where after the first subject, a discourse appears between the french horns and other wind instruments until slowly, the fragments of the introduction fall into place to reveal a grand, architectured unity. Finnish musicologist Veijo Murtomäki observes that this unity: "has in fact been created as something discovered by Sibelius during the process of composition – so that in the final work it is only a question of gradually showing and revealing this unity to the listener."

The second movement is introduced with a walking pizzicato theme from the cellos and double basses, the orchestra now having moved from D Major in the first movement to D Minor. An ominous and dark melody cries from the bassoons, which eventually grows to include the surrounding members of the wind section. The sense of foreboding crescendos throughout the movement, courtesy flares of brass, intimidating rolls of the timpani and urgent tempos. Rich and sonorous, the strings enter with a quaver melody in their lowest register which accelerates and ascends, balancing the terrifying mood painted by the woodwinds and brass. In his early drafting, Sibelius had labelled the string theme "Christus", suggesting that the strings act as redemption or consolation to the tragedy of the winds.

The third movement, a Vivacissimo Scherzo, juxtaposes a frantic string theme with a lazy, slow wind response. Just as you are lulled into a false sense of relaxation, the strings re-erupt with their anxious theme, running over each other until again the winds float down and take over. Initially, the winds are supported by swelling strings, who soon take the lead once more in a sturdy crescendoing bridge, anticipating the heroic seven-note melody which marks the beginning of the fourth movement, and pull together all the thematic puzzle pieces scattered throughout the symphony.

For the first time, Sibelius relieves anticipatory tension by adding a fourth note to the three-note theme. As in the second movement, he makes use of unison strings to a powerfully electric and moving effect. A secondary woodwind march theme echoes the dark moments of the winds in the second movement, which Sibelius' wife later revealed was a manifestation of the composer's remorse over his sister-in-law's suicide.

Anna McMichael

Anna McMichael is an Australian born violinist who has recently returned to live in Australia after 17 years in Europe performing in many of the major ensembles and orchestras.

In Australia she was first prize winner of the String final of the ABC Instrumental and Vocal Competition, guest assistant leader of the Australian Chamber Orchestra, and guest concertmaster of Orchestra Victoria.

Anna has performed at many European music festivals with a number of Dutch chamber ensembles and toured extensively with



groups such as the London Sinfonietta, Amsterdam Sinfonietta Chamber Orchestra, Nieuw Ensemble, ASKO/Schoenberg ensemble, Netherlands Chamber Orchestra, the Royal Concertgebouw Orchestra and recorded for a number of European labels.

Since returning to Australia in 2010, Anna has performed at 3 Canberra International Music Festivals as guest artist, been a soloist and member of Melbourne Chamber Orchestra, guest associate concertmaster of Adelaide Symphony Orchestra, performed at the ISCM music festival in Sydney, Soundstream Festival in Adelaide, with Ensemble Offspring, principle second for Pinchgut Opera in 2011, 2012 Adelaide Festival early music orchestra and Ironwood Orchestra.

As a duo Anna has been invited to perform concerts with the pianist, Daniel de Borah for Recitals Australia in 2012, Melba Hall lunch concerts, in Brisbane and Tylagum, Camden Haven Festival. Anna has tutored at ANAM, the Canberra School of Music and appeared with the Australian World Orchestra.



Nick Byrne Ophicleide

Born in Sydney, Nick Byrne completed his Bachelor's degree at the Canberra School of Music in 1991. He subsequently undertook further postgraduate study with Charles Vernon at De-Paul University in Chicago. His other teachers have included Simone de Haan, Ian Perry, Ron Prussing, Arnold Jacobs and Michael Mulcahy.

Nick Byrne joined the Sydney Symphony Orchestra in 1996, prior to which he held the position of Solo Trombone with the Hofer Symphoniker in Germany. He has performed with the Australian Chamber Orchestra, Australian Opera and Ballet Orchestra, Chicago Chamber Orchestra,

Civic Orchestra of Chicago, and the Chicago Symphony Orchestra, and in 1994 was chosen by Sir Georg Solti for his Carnegie Hall Festival Orchestra.

Nick Byrne has also performed with Summit Brass, Millar Brass, Chicago Symphony Lower Brass Ensemble, Canberra Trombone Quartet (prize winner at the UMI Chamber Music Competition in Arizona, 1993), and is a founding member of the Sydney Symphony Brass Ensemble.

He is also a recognised performer on the ophicleide (an early keyed tuba) and has performed with the SSO, Australian Chamber Orchestra, World Orchestra for Peace (Moscow and St Petersburg, 2003), Mainz Bachchor, and in solo recitals at the Melbourne International Festival of Brass (2003 and 2009).

In 2002, Nick Byrne was the recipient of a Churchill Fellowship which allowed him to undertake ophicleide studies in Lyon, France, and in 2006 he recorded the world's first solo ophicleide recording 'Back from Oblivion' to critical acclaim for the Australian recording label Melba recordings.

(www.melbarecordings.com.au/catalogue/album/back-oblivion)



Strathfield Symphony Orchestra is a community orchestra based in the inner west Sydney suburb of Strathfield. The orchestra is comprised of approximately 60 players. It rehearses most Monday nights and gives four performances a year, plus a special concert for seniors in Senior Citizen's Week. The orchestra aims to promote music-making in the community, to provide exciting and enjoyable concert programs, to nurture young talent, and to showcase the works of Australian composers.

http://strathfieldsymphony.org.au/

Paul Pokorny Concertmaster

Paul Pokorny is the Concertmaster of the Strathfield Symphony and has also appeared as soloist. He has played in many of the amateur and freelance orchestras in Sydney including Concertmaster of the North Shore Youth Orchestra, Lane Cove Symphony, Northern Chamber Orchestra, Warrin-



gah Symphony, Encore Kammerorchester, the Sydney Serenade, the Sydney Occasional Orchestra and the Ku-ring-gai Philharmonic Orchestra. He is also Principal violin with the Balmain Sinfonia and has played with the Solar Chamber Orchestra, Bourbaki Ensemble and Orchestra 143. Paul is a keen chamber musician, and is first violin with the Opus Four String Quartet and the Strathfield String Quartet and is concertmaster for occasional event orchestras.

In addition to performing freelance function work for many years Paul has been a active orchestral leader and player for many of Sydney's musical societies. Paul also enjoys singing and playing piano.



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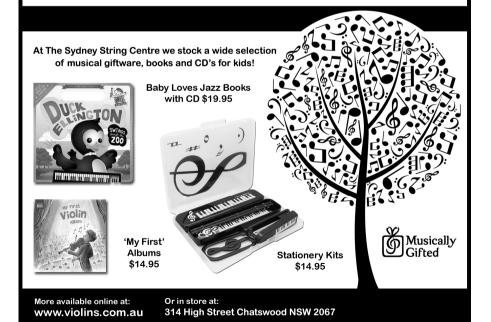
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Strathfield Symphony Orchestra

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Beatrice Ip
Margery Sherman
Richard Willgoss
Jerushah Yogendran
Sarah Haddad
Julianne Tonini

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Vanessa Organo
Alana Pretty
Joanna Wroblewsha
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Roger Barker
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Tuba

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Ophicleide

. Nick Byrne

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Ecstasy & Despair

Strathfield Symphony

Orchestra of the Inner West

Music Director

Sadaharu Muramatsu

Ravel Boléro

Prokofiev Romeo & Juliet Suites 1 & 2

With scenes from Shakespeare

Director

Brendon McDonall

Saturday 24 November 7:00pm Sunday 25 November 2:30pm

Vonus

Strathfield Town Hall On Redmyre and Homebush Rds, Strathfield

Tickets

Adult \$25 Concession \$20 Children/Student \$15 (Under 5 free) Family \$60



Bookings

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